

Referências

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). 2025. Climate Prediction Center. Disponível em <https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/>.

Deina C.; Prates M. H.; Alves C.H.R.; Martins M.S.R.; Trojan F.; Stevan S. L.; e Siqueira H. V. 2022. A methodology for coffee price forecasting based on extreme learning machines. *Information Processing in Agriculture*, 9(4), 556–565. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.inpa.2021.07.003>.

Dinh T. L. A.; Aires F.; e Rahn E. 2022. Statistical Analysis of the Weather Impact on Robusta Coffee Yield in Vietnam. *Frontiers in Environmental Science*, 10. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fenvs.2022.820916>.

Divisekara R. W.; Nawarathna R. D.; e Nawarathna L. S. 2020. Forecasting of Global Market Prices of Major Financial Instruments. *Journal of Probability and Statistics*, 2020, 1–11.
<https://doi.org/10.1155/2020/1258463>.

Kouadio L.; Byrareddy V. M.; Sawadogo A.; e Newlands N. K. 2021. Probabilistic yield forecasting of robusta coffee at the farm scale using agroclimatic and remote sensing derived indices. *Agricultural and Forest Meteorology*, 306. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.agrformet.2021.108449>.

Makkonen A.; Vallström D.; Uddin G. S.; Rahman M. L.; e Haddad M. F. C. 2021. The effect of temperature anomaly and macroeconomic fundamentals on agricultural commodity futures returns. *Energy Economics*, 100. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.eneco.2021.105377>.

Motisi N.; Bommel P.; Leclerc G.; Robin M. H.; Aubertot J. N.; Butron A. A.; Merle I.; Treminio E.; e Avelino J. 2022. Improved forecasting of coffee leaf rust by qualitative modeling: Design and expert validation of the ExpeRoya model. *Agricultural Systems*, 197. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.agsy.2021.103352>.

Nguyen N. T.; Phan V. T.; Van D. N.; Le T. H.; e Pham T. V. 2022. Forecasting the Coffee Consumption Demand in Vietnam Based on Grey Forecasting Model. *Vietnam Journal of Computer Science*, 9(3), 245–259. <https://doi.org/10.1142/S219688822500129>.

Nugroho W. S.; Astuti A. B.; e Astutik S. 2021. Vector Error Correction Model to Forecasting Spot Prices for Coffee Commodities during Covid-19 Pandemic. *Journal of Physics: Conference Series*.
<https://doi.org/10.1088/1742-6596/1811/1/012076>.

Reuters. 2025. Coffee's record highs continue as it approaches \$4 per lb. Disponível em <https://www.reuters.com/markets/commodities/coffees-record-highs-continue-it-approaches-4-per-lb-2025-01-30/>.

Thao N. T. T.; Khoi D. N.; Denis A.; Van Viet L.; Wellens J.; e Tychon B. 2022. Early Prediction of Coffee Yield in the Central Highlands of Vietnam Using a Statistical Approach and Satellite Remote Sensing Vegetation Biophysical Variables. *Remote Sensing*, 14(13). <https://doi.org/10.3390/rs14132975>.

Viet L.; e Thuy T. T. T. 2023. Improving the quality of coffee yield forecasting in Dak Lak Province, Vietnam, through the utilization of remote sensing data. *Environmental Research Communications*, 5(9).
<https://doi.org/10.1088/2515-7620/acf6fd>.